

**The list of examination slides
in the discipline "Pathological anatomy"
for the specialties "General Medicine", "Dentistry".**

Diagnostic rules:

The student gets 2 random micropreparations. For each slide, you can get a maximum of 10 points, for a total of 20 points for the diagnosticum.

Points are distributed as follows:

- diagnosis - 0/4 points

If the diagnosis is named correctly or *with minor errors*, then 4 points are given. *In all other cases* - 0 points, while the student is not allowed to describe the slide.

- staining method 0/1 point

Correctly named staining method - 1 point, incorrectly - 0 points.

- Description 0 – 5 points

The description is given by the student only if the diagnosis is correct. If the description is incorrect, then 0 points are given. Depending on the *completeness of the correct description and answers to the teacher's questions on the description* of the slide, from 1 to 5 points are given.

1. Central lung cancer (hematoxylin and eosin)
2. Acute miliary pulmonary tuberculosis (hematoxylin and eosin)
3. Diffuse exudative rheumatic myocarditis (hematoxylin and eosin)
4. Productive rheumatic myocarditis (hematoxylin and eosin)
5. Colloidal goiter (hematoxylin and eosin)
6. Portal cirrhosis of the liver (van Gieson)
7. Portal cirrhosis of the liver (hematoxylin and eosin)
8. Toxic dystrophy of the liver (according to van Gieson)
9. Chronic stomach ulcer (van Gieson)
10. Cardiosclerosis (van Gieson)
11. Extracapillary proliferative glomerulonephritis (hematoxylin and eosin)
12. Adrenal amyloidosis (Congo red)
13. Embolic purulent nephritis (hematoxylin and eosin)
14. Signet ring cell carcinoma of the stomach (hematoxylin and eosin)
15. Secondary wrinkled kidney (van Gieson)
16. Amyloid nephrosis (Congo red)
17. Amyloid nephrosis (van Gieson)
18. Liver with myeloid leukemia (hematoxylin and eosin)
19. Chronic obstructive pulmonary emphysema (hematoxylin and eosin)

20. Bronchopneumonia (hematoxylin and eosin)
21. Phlegmonous appendicitis (hematoxylin and eosin)
22. Biliary cirrhosis of the liver (hematoxylin and eosin)
23. Croupous pneumonia (van Gieson)
24. Carnification of the lung (van Gieson)
25. Recurrent warty endocarditis with rheumatism (Mallory)
26. Purulent leptomeningitis in meningococcal infection (hematoxylin and eosin)
27. Fibrinous tracheitis in diphtheria (hematoxylin and eosin)
28. Pigmented nevus (hematoxylin and eosin)
29. Hashimoto's thyroiditis (hematoxylin and eosin)
30. Kidney tuberculosis (hematoxylin and eosin)
31. Myocardial infarction (hematoxylin and eosin)
32. Fibrous plaque in the aorta (hematoxylin and eosin)
33. Atherocalcinosis of the coronary artery (hematoxylin and eosin)
34. Adenocarcinoma of the stomach (hematoxylin and eosin)
35. Skin melanoma (hematoxylin and eosin)
36. Hodgkin's lymphoma, lymphoid predominance (hematoxylin and eosin)
37. Cavernous pulmonary tuberculosis (hematoxylin and eosin)
38. Fibrinous-ulcerative colitis in dysentery (hematoxylin and eosin)
39. Pulmonary embolism (hematoxylin and eosin)
40. Chronic gastric ulcer (hematoxylin and eosin)
41. Granulomatous ileitis in Crohn's disease (hematoxylin and eosin)
42. Gangrenous appendicitis (hematoxylin and eosin)
43. Colon adenocarcinoma (hematoxylin and eosin)
44. Hepatocellular carcinoma (hematoxylin and eosin)
45. Acute cholecystitis (hematoxylin and eosin)
46. Uterine adenocarcinoma (hematoxylin and eosin)
47. Testicular seminoma (hematoxylin and eosin)
48. Ectopic pregnancy (hematoxylin and eosin)
49. Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma of the ovary (hematoxylin and eosin)
50. Lobular breast cancer (hematoxylin and eosin)
51. Paget's disease of the nipple and areola (hematoxylin and eosin)
52. Basal cell skin cancer (hematoxylin and eosin)
53. Pheochromocytoma (hematoxylin and eosin)
54. Necrotic nephrosis = acute tubular necrosis (hematoxylin and eosin)