

THE GENERAL CASE OF THE GOURSAT PROBLEM

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Let $D = \{x_{10} < x_1 < x_{11}, x_{20} < x_2 < x_{21}, \dots, x_{n0} < x_n < x_{n1}\}$. Denote by X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n the facets of D for $x_1 = x_{10}, x_2 = x_{20}, \dots, x_n = x_{n0}$, correspondingly.

Consider the equation

$$L(u) \equiv \sum_{i_1=0}^{m_1} \sum_{i_2=0}^{m_2} \dots \sum_{i_n=0}^{m_n} a_{i_1 i_2 \dots i_n}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \frac{\partial^{i_1+i_2+\dots+i_n} u}{\partial x_1^{i_1} \partial x_2^{i_2} \dots \partial x_n^{i_n}} = F(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n). \quad (1)$$

We study it in D ; here $a_{m_1 m_2 \dots m_n} \equiv 1$ and the smoothness of other coefficients is defined by the inclusions

$$a_{i_1 i_2 \dots i_n} \in C^{\sum_{\alpha=1}^n i_\alpha}(\bar{D}), \quad F \in C^{0+0+\dots+0}(\bar{D}).$$

Here $C^{\alpha_1+\alpha_2+\dots+\alpha_n}$ is the class of continuous in \bar{D} functions with continuous derivatives $\frac{\partial^{r_1+r_2+\dots+r_n}}{\partial x_1^{r_1} \partial x_2^{r_2} \dots \partial x_n^{r_n}}$ ($r_1 = 0, \dots, \alpha_1; r_2 = 0, \dots, \alpha_2; \dots; r_n = 0, \dots, \alpha_n$). Equation (1) is the most general linear equation of this class.

This equation is studied in [1] on a plane. Its special cases with $n > 2$ variables are considered in [2], [3], and other works, including those of the author [4]–[6].

The Goursat problem. Find in D a regular solution of equation (1) which satisfies the conditions

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^{i_1} u}{\partial x_1^{i_1}}(x_{10}, x_2, \dots, x_n) &= \varphi_{1 i_1}(x_2, \dots, x_n) \quad (i_1 = \overline{0, m_1 - 1}), \\ \frac{\partial^{i_2} u}{\partial x_2^{i_2}}(x_1, x_{20}, \dots, x_n) &= \varphi_{2 i_2}(x_1, x_3, \dots, x_n) \quad (i_2 = \overline{0, m_2 - 1}), \\ &\dots\dots\dots \\ \frac{\partial^{i_n} u}{\partial x_n^{i_n}}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n0}) &= \varphi_{n i_n}(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}) \quad (i_n = \overline{0, m_n - 1}), \\ \varphi_{1 i_1} &\in C^{\sum_{\alpha=2}^n m_\alpha}(\bar{X}_1), \varphi_{2 i_2} \in C^{\sum_{\alpha=1, \alpha \neq 2}^n m_\alpha}(\bar{X}_2), \dots, \varphi_{n i_n} \in C^{\sum_{\alpha=1}^{n-1} m_\alpha}(\bar{X}_n), \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

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