

A Nonlocal Boundary-Value Problem with Conormal Derivative for a Mixed-Type Equation with Two Inner Degeneration Lines and Various Orders of Degeneracy

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Received May 28, 2009

Abstract—We prove the unique solvability of the boundary value problem with conormal derivative for a mixed-type equation with two inner degeneration lines and with various orders of degeneracy.

DOI: 10.3103/S1066369X11010051

Key words and phrases: *mixed-type equation, problem with conormal derivative, degeneration lines, extremum principle, Fredholm integral equation.*

In papers [1–6] one considers the Tricomi problem and its analogs for a mixed-type equation with two degeneration lines and with various orders of degeneracy on a part of the boundary of a bounded or unbounded domain.

Papers [7–13] are dedicated to boundary-value problems with Poincaré conditions or with a conormal derivative for Tricomi and Lavrent’ev–Bitsadze equations and more general ones.

However, local and nonlocal boundary-value problems with conormal derivative for mixed-type elliptic-hyperbolic equations with two inner degeneration lines and various orders of degeneracy are not studied yet.

In this paper we prove the unique solvability of a nonlocal boundary-value problem with conormal derivative for a mixed-type elliptic-hyperbolic equation with two inner degeneration lines and various orders of degeneracy.

Consider the equation

$$\operatorname{sign} y |y|^m u_{xx} + \operatorname{sign} x |x|^n u_{yy} = 0, \quad (1)$$

where m and n are piecewise constant functions of x and y such that

$$m(n)(x, y) = \begin{cases} m(n) & \text{with } x > 0, y > 0; \\ m_1(n) & \text{with } x > 0, y < 0; \\ m(n_1) & \text{with } x < 0, y > 0. \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Denote by Ω a finite simply connected domain in the plane (x, y) such that it is bounded by a curve σ with endpoints at $A(h_1, 0)$ and $B(0, h_2)$ if $x > 0$ and $y > 0$, while for $x > 0, y < 0$ and $x < 0, y > 0$ it is bounded by characteristics

$$OC : \frac{1}{q}x^q - \frac{1}{p_1}(-y)^{p_1} = 0, \quad AC : \frac{1}{q}x^q + \frac{1}{p_1}(-y)^{p_1} = 1$$

and

$$OD : \frac{1}{q_1}(-x)^{q_1} - \frac{1}{p}y^p = 0, \quad BD : \frac{1}{q_1}(-x)^{q_1} + \frac{1}{p}y^p = 1$$

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