

Natural Multitransformations of Multifunctors

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Abstract—We continue to develop the theory of multicategories over verbal categories. This theory includes both the usual category theory and the theory of operads, as well as a significant part of classical universal algebra. We introduce the notion of a natural multitransformation of multifunctors, owing to which categories of multifunctors from a multicategory to some other one turn into multicategories. In particular, any algebraic variety over a multicategory possesses a natural structure of a multicategory. Furthermore, we construct a multicategory analog of comma-categories with properties similar to those in the category case. We define the notion of the center of a multicategory and show that centers of multicategories are commutative operads (introduced by us earlier) and only they. We prove that commutative FSet-operads coincide with commutative algebraic theories.

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INTRODUCTION

In this paper we study multicategories which are also known as S -operads (or many-sorted operads). Operads and “usual” categories represent special cases of multicategories. Recall the opinion of authors of the category theory about the main subject matter of this theory. “As Eilenberg–Mac Lane first observed, “category” has been defined in order to define “functor” and “functor” has been defined in order to define “natural transformation” ([1], P. 19). However, the known definition of a natural transformation of functors between multicategories (multifunctors) is very limited in use. In this paper we give a new definition of a natural transformation (a multitransformation) of multifunctors. We consider this definition as a “correct generalization” of a natural transformation of functors. For example it allows one to construct a multicategory structure on the class of all multifunctors from one multicategory to another one, and even a multicategory of diagrams. A similar idea allows one to define the notion of comma-multicategories.

Let us describe the content of this paper. In Section 1 we briefly recall definitions of the basic notions used in this paper, namely, verbal categories and multicategories over verbal categories. In Section 2 we introduce the notion of a natural multitransformation of multifunctors mentioned above. Let A_1, \dots, A_n , and B be multifunctors from a multicategory R to a multicategory K . We assume that multicategories are determined over a verbal category with a sufficiently large class of morphisms (in fact, this requirement is not too restrictive). Then a natural multitransformation is a somewhat like an arrow in the form $A_1 \dots A_n \rightarrow B$. Owing to this property, we introduce the structure of a multicategory on the class of all multifunctors from R to K . Weakening the definition of a multicategory, we get notions of a multigraph and a multidigraph, and by analogy with the multicategory of multifunctors we construct a multicategory of multidigraphs. In Section 3 we obtain a multicategorical analog of a comma-category. As in the case of “usual” categories, natural multitransformations correspond to some multifunctors to comma-categories. In Section 4 we introduce the notion of the center of a multicategory. We show

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