

8<sup>th</sup> International Symposium on Optical Materials June 9-14, 2019

# **Book of Abstracts**



Ossoliński National Institute, Wroclaw, Poland











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# 8<sup>th</sup> International Symposium on Optical Materials (IS-OM8)

Wroclaw, Poland, June 9-14, 2019

## **Conference Venue**

# Ossoliński National Institute in Wroclaw (Poland)

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### High-resolution spectroscopy of LiYF<sub>4</sub>-Ho in magnetic fields

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Lithium-yttrium double fluorites doped with rare-earth (RE) ions are multifunctional optical materials widely used in different branches of photonics. It should be mentioned that LiYF $_4$ :RE $^3$ + crystals, for reasons not fully understood, demonstrate the narrowest inhomogeneously broadened lines. That is why they are also excellent model systems for studying various interactions and very fine effects. In particular, manifestations of the electron-nuclear hyperfine interactions and of the isotopic disorder in the lithium sublattice due to the presence of  $^7$ Li and  $^6$ Li isotopes (their natural abundances are 93% and 7%, respectively) were studied by high-resolution spectroscopy of LiYF $_4$ :Ho $^3$ + singlecrystals.

In the present study, we have investigated broad-band high-resolution low-temperature optical spectra of LiYF<sub>4</sub>:Ho<sup>3+</sup>in magnetic fields [1,2]. Absorption spectra in an external field 0.5 - 0.9 T parallel to the tetragonal crystallographic axis reveal strong mixing of wave functions of neighboring crystal-field levels, mediated by Zeeman and hyperfine terms in the Hamiltonian of a Ho<sup>3+</sup>ion[1].

An effect of the hyperfine levels' anticrossing was observed in magnetic fields 20-180 mT. As far as we know, it was the first direct observation of the hyperfine level anticrossings in optical spectra. Analysis of the spectral envelopes corresponding to transitions between the electron-nuclear sublevels of crystal-field non-Kramers doublets and singlets of the  $\rm Ho^{3+}$  ions, based on the microscopic model of the electronic  $\rm 4f^{10}$  configuration, allowed us to retrieve information on the hyperfine structure of electronic singlets, nuclear quadroupole interactions, and random lattice strains[2].

Recently, we have observed the hyperfine structure and the hyperfine level anticrossings in the luminescence spectra of LiYF<sub>4</sub>:Ho<sup>3+</sup>. This finding opens the way for studying the hyperfine effects in the transitions between the excited crystal-field levels.

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#### References:

- [1] Popova, M. N.; Boldyrev, K. N., High-resolution spectra of LiYF<sub>4</sub>:Ho<sup>3+</sup>in a magnetic field, *Optical Materials* 63, **2017**,101-104.
- [2] Boldyrev, K. N.; Popova, M. N.; Malkin, B. Z.; Abishev, N. M., Direct Observation of Hyperfine Level Anticrossings in Optical Spectra of a <sup>7</sup>LiYF<sub>4</sub>:Ho<sup>3+</sup> Single Crystal,*Phys. Rev. B* 99, **2019**,041105(R).