

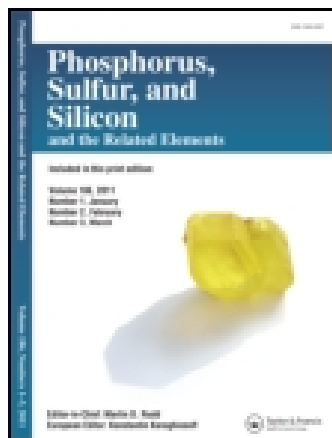
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Disproportionations of S-Silyl and S-Arsenic Derivatives of Thiophosphorus Acids

Elvira S. Batyeva^a, Il'yas S. Nizamov^{a b}, Boris E. Abalonin^b, Il'nar D. Nizamov^b, Yan E. Popovich^a & Evgeniy S. Ermolaev^a

^a A. E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry, Kazan, Russia

^b Kazan State Pedagogical University, Kazan, Russia
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Disproportionations of S-Silyl and S-Arsenic Derivatives of Thiophosphorus Acids

Elvira S. Batyeva

A. E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry, Kazan, Russia

Il'yas S. Nizamov

A. E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry, Kazan, Russia; Kazan State Pedagogical University, Kazan, Russia

Boris E. Abaloni

Il'nar D. Nizamov

Kazan State Pedagogical University, Kazan, Russia

Yan E. Popovich

Evgeniy S. Ermolaev

A. E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry, Kazan, Russia

There is considerable interest in derivatives of tetracoordinated phosphorus thioacids containing the P(S)SE (E = Si, As) fragment, because of their possible use as synthetic intermediates for new organothiophosphorus compounds. The reaction of 2,4-bis(alkylthio)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfides with trimethyl(dialkyl-amino)silane has been found to give S-trimethylsilyl S-alkyl(dialkyl-amido)trithiophosphates. S-Trimethylsilyl S-ethyl(diethylamido)trithiophosphate was partially transformed into cyclic 2,4-bis(diethylamido)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfide and trimethyl(ethylthio)silane. The molecular and crystal structure of 2,4-bis(diethylamido)-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfide was established by X-ray single crystal diffraction. In contrast, S-diethylarsenic(III) aryl(dialkylamido)dithiophosphonates obtained in the reaction

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Address correspondence to Elvira S. Batyeva, A. E. Arbuzov Institute of Organic and Physical Chemistry, Arbuzov Str. 8, 420088 Kazan, Russia. E-mail: batyeva@iopc.kcn.ru

of 2,4-diaryl-1,3,2,4-dithiadiphosphetane-2,4-disulfides with dialkyl-amino diethylarsines were decomposed at heating to yield linear bis(diethylarsino)aryltrithiophosphonates. The molecular structure of bis(diethylarsino) 2,4-di(3,5-di-*tert*-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)trithiophosphonate was studied by X-ray single crystal diffraction.