

New model for acoustically induced Mössbauer sidebands from a single parent line

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Splitting of Mössbauer single parent line of the vibrated absorber into many sidebands was observed long time ago [1]. The intensity of the sidebands has not been yet satisfactory explained. There are two models of coherent and incoherent vibrations of nuclei in the absorber [2]. Coherent model implies piston-like vibration of the absorber giving the intensity of the n -th sideband proportional to the square of Bessel function $J_n^2(m)$, where m is the modulation index. Incoherent model is based on the Rayleigh distribution of the nuclear-vibration amplitudes in the absorber giving the intensity proportional to $\exp(-m^2)I_n(m^2)$, where $I_n(m^2)$ is the modified Bessel function. Both models and their combinations cannot describe accurately the absorption spectrum of vibrated absorber (see Fig. 1). We proposed a new distribution of the nuclear vibration amplitudes, which gradually changes depending on a particular parameter σ . Our distribution tends to delta-like, inherent to coherent model if $\sigma \rightarrow 0$, or it tends to Rayleigh distribution inherent to incoherent model if $\sigma \rightarrow 1$. With this distribution we obtained excellent fitting of the experimental spectra (see Fig.2).

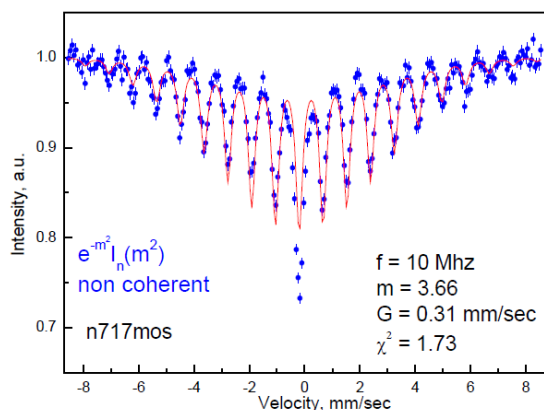


Fig. 1. Experimental spectrum for enriched $K_4Fe(CN)_6 \cdot 3H_2O$ (dots) and conventional fitting (solid line) [2]

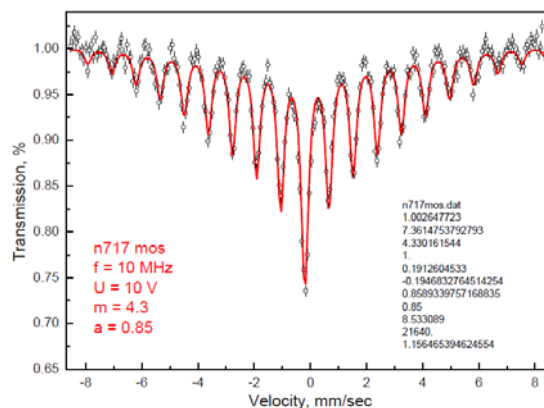


Fig. 2. Experimental spectrum for enriched $K_4Fe(CN)_6 \cdot 3H_2O$ (circles) and fitting with the help of our model (solid line)

REFERENCES

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2. Chien C. L. Mössbauer sideband from a single parent line / C. L. Chien, J. C. Walker // Phys. Rev. B – 1976. – V. 13. – № 5. – P. 1876–879.